


Durham is historic. It was neutral ground during the armistice between Sherman and Johnston. Soldiers of both armies filled their pouches with the tobacco stored there, and, after the surrender, marched home with it. Soon orders came from East, West, North and South, for "more of that elegant tobacco." Then, ten men ran an unknown factory. Now it employs 500 men, uses the pink and red of the Golden Belt, and the Durham Bull is the trade-mark of this, the best tobacco in the world. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco has the largest sale of any smoking tobacco in the world. Why? Simply because it is the best. All dealers have it. Trade-mark of the Bull.



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If he'd gone for a pack of Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco, as he was told, he wouldn't have been cornered by the Bull.

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We take pleasure in announcing the spring opening of our seed store, 61 Market Street, next to Hechglers clothing store, with a fresh supply of

Flower Seeds, Garden Seeds,

Greenhouse and bedding plants, of all kinds, cabbage and tomato plants, onion sets, sweet potatoes for seed and sweet potato plants, fruit and ornamental trees, evergreens, grapes, roses, and all varieties of plants and trees found in a first class nursery. Floral decorations for funeral purposes, and wedding and parties supplied with cut flowers.

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T. J. CURLEY, Sanitary Plumber,

GAS STEAM FITTER,

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and steam gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed.

T. J. CURLEY,
Second street, above Market, opposite Omar Dodson's, Maysville, Ky.

SIMMONS' Medicated Well-Water.

A Specific for DYSPEPSIA and DISEASES of the KIDNEYS.

HAS been used with most gratifying success in many obstinate cases. Prof. F. W. Clark, professor of Chemistry at the University of Cincinnati says this water "belongs to the same class with that of the Alleghany Springs, of Virginia," the medicinal virtues of which are too well known to be stated here. Those who desire to try this famous water are referred to Captain C. W. Boyd, Levanona, Ohio; Captain C. M. Holloway, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. J. Raibe, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale in half barrels and jugs by

GUS. SIMMONS, Proprietor,
122dW11 Aberdeen, Ohio.

CHARLES W. TUDOR, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Having had many years experience in every branch of his business and having built some of the best buildings in Kentucky and Tennessee, both public and private, announces to the citizens of Maysville and surrounding country that he is now permanently located in Maysville, and solicits the patronage of all desiring work done in this line. Stair building of every character a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail promptly attended to. City residence, Eberole's point, Fifth Ward, Maysville, Ky.

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Livery and Sale Stable.

A full line of all kinds of vehicles on hand for sale, hire or exchange. Horses kept by day, week or month. Largest and best appointed Livery Stable in the west. Prices as low as any. Best attention to vehicles stored. Telephone connection. No. 40 and 42 west Second St., ap7dW1 MAYSVILLE, KY.

THOMAS DICKSON, Dealer in—

STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES,

Third street, east of Limestone, (Powe)'s old stand, Maysville, Ky. Highest market prices paid for all kinds of Country produce. Best of Groceries at bottom prices. Call on "Uncle Tom" whether you want anything or not.

J. J. McCARTHEY, Licensed auctioneer for Mason and adjoining counties. Orders left at the BULLETIN office will receive prompt attention. P. O. address Mt. Carmel.

NEWS OVER THE OCEAN.

The Garrison at Berber to be Left to Their Fate.

The Lamented O'Donovan's Successor Taken Into Custody—King John of Abyssinia Will Come to the Rescue.

LONDON, April 28.—Instructions were telegraphed to Cairo by the Government to-day to abandon any attempt to relieve the garrison at Berber as it would be impossible for assistance to reach there in time to be available.

DUBLIN, April 28.—The Daily Express says James O'Kelly, M. P., who went to the Sudan as correspondent of the London Daily News, after the death of Edward O'Donovan, has been taken into custody by the Egyptian authorities. Suspicious documents were found in his possession, among them letters from Frenchmen.

LONDON, April 28.—A council was held at the war office this morning. It is reported that the Duke of Cambridge, Lord Wolsley, Marquis of Hartington, and others in authority, advised against an expedition to Berber at the present time, or any advance whatever, until a full force shall be equipped to come to an immediate decision to advance to Berber. Egyptian troops to Assouan, and other stations in Upper Egypt, are dissatisfied and declare their intentions of joining Mahdi. Nubians are deserting.

CAIRO, April 28.—The Khedive is receiving constant letters warning him that he is doomed to speedy death unless he abdicates. The number of guards at the Palace has been increased.

King John of Abyssinia has agreed to Admiral Hewett's proposals to invade the Sudan, relieve the Egyptian garrisons and assist them to withdraw through Abyssinia.

PARIS, April 28.—The Voltaire says the Government has directed General Millet, Commander of the French forces in Tonquin, to report what further operations would be necessary to secure conquests in Tonquin. He replied, it will be quite sufficient to strengthen positions already gained.

A LITTLE LOAN.
LONDON, April 28.—Stern Brothers are issuing a new Portuguese loan of £3,800,000.

CAUSED BY A GAS EXPLOSION.
LONDON, April 28.—It has been ascertained that the fire which destroyed the extensive general store of Wm. Whitely was caused by an explosion of gas. The total loss has been found to be \$2,000,000.

THE SPANISH CONSPIRACY.
MADRID, April 28.—The excitement at Barcelona over the discovery of a revolutionary conspiracy and the arrest of a number of wealthy citizens and others, though somewhat abated, still continues. Among the prisoners is an ex-Mayor of the city. The plot has been discovered to be partly political, but largely due to the intrigues of stock speculators, who hoped to profit by such changes in prices on the Stock Exchange, as unusual excitement might ensue.

FRENCH CABINET COUNCIL.
PARIS, April 28.—A Cabinet Council was held to-day, at which the question of a conference of powers upon Egyptian affairs was the subject of discussion. The decision, if any was reached, has not been made public, but soon after the adjournment Premier Ferry telegraphed M. Barere, French Consul General at Cairo, enjoining prudence and caution on the part of the French representatives in Egypt.

CONGO AGAIN.
THE HAGUE, April 28.—In the Dutch Chamber the Government questioned the Congo treaty opposing the Anglo-Portuguese Commission to regulate trade in the Congo country. The Government stated that negotiations are now pending with Great Britain and Portugal, with a view of securing a modification of the objectionable clauses of the treaty. The matter being one of extreme delicacy, it was deemed unwise to debate fully upon the subject at the present time.

A Female Horse Thief.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 28.—Some two months ago two horses were stolen from a barn of Hugh Dougherty, a farmer, living five miles east of this city. Despite all endeavors, no trace of them nor the thieves could be discovered until last week, when he received word that the thieves, a man and a woman, had crossed the Wabash at York, Ill., fifty miles southeast of this place, with such horses. Mr. Dougherty went to York, and being joined by some citizens, a search was made over in Indiana, which was rewarded by finding a farmer who had purchased one of the horses. After some hesitation, he gave up the horse, and Mr. Dougherty returned home. Thursday he received a telegram that the other horse was found at Sullivan, Ind., where he immediately started. The thief gave his name as Compton and Conklin, and the woman said her maiden name was Freeman, and her relatives lived in Coles County. Before the thieves could be apprehended they stole two horses and a carriage from a farmer in Clark County, and were traced this week as far north as Danville, Ill., where all trace was lost, and they are still at large.

Prominent, but Crooked.

BARABEE, April 28.—E. F. Seaver, of Reedsburg, was to have been tried here for subornation and forgery, but the affair was compromised. Seaver was elected a delegate to the Chicago Republican Convention before his arrest, but he has since resigned the position of president and postmaster of the village. He was a Mason of high standing and held a responsible position in the Reedsburg woolen mills, from which he is a defaulter to the amount of \$3,500. More crookedness, it is expected, will be developed before the investigation closes. Seaver has given bonds to cover his shortage.

A SUBTERRANEAN FLOOD.

Water From the Susquehanna Breaks Into and Fills a Coal Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 28.—The mine of the Fuller Coal Company at Maltby, near here, were flooded by the breaking in of water from the Susquehanna River. The pumps and some of the cars and machinery were lost. The hoisting engines at the head of the slope were gotten out with difficulty. The colliery is a new one and is located near the river, the slope being driven through a seam, which is separated by only thirty-five feet of rock from the quicksand and gravel, of which the upper surface is composed, and which is percolated by water from the river. An unusually heavy blast was fired yesterday, and this, it is supposed, caused a fissure in the rocky shell. A vast body of water from the quicksands above poured into the working shaft.

A disaster of this nature has always been feared and dams prepared for closing the slope. These were put into requisition, but proved utterly unable to hold back the impouring water, which rose with great rapidity. The pumps, of which there were five, were covered before they could be taken out. The works are now almost entirely full of water, and all efforts to stop the inflow have been, for the present, at least, abandoned. The company is undecided whether to make another attempt to remove the water and dam the break or to abandon the colliery. Mining experts say it would be useless to attempt to remove the water, as the quicksand is sure to run into the mine and render useless all attempts to get at the break. The colliery employed about fifteen men and boys, and these are thrown out of work.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

Outbreaks and Rumors of Other Outbreaks.

DENVER, Col., April 28.—Major Hall telegraphs from Fort Lewis, the scene of the Indian troubles, that only two savages were killed and two wounded in the recent battle. He says the origin of the trouble appears to be purely a local affair, which will be adjusted without further bloodshed as soon as the military forces arrive on the ground. An English syndicate owns a large tract of land in the extreme southwestern corner of Colorado where this difficulty exists, and, although it is not included in any Indian reservation, still it has for years been their acknowledged hunting ground. Since their removal to Utah the Southern Utes have been allowed to come down in this section to hunt there also, and, although a very peaceable set, they have thus an opportunity of meeting the Utes and concealing devilry that otherwise would not be thought of.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., April 28.—Reports of another outbreak have been received by the Department. The ravages of the San Juan Valley have uprisen and fears are entertained for the safety of settlers. Although perfectly reliable, the advices are so meagre, and the situation not being thoroughly understood, the Adjutant General has ordered Captain Heyl of Fort Wingate to send a company of soldiers to the scene and ascertain the extent of the trouble. Capt. Heyl will leave for Wingate with a body of a platoon. The San Juan country is situated in the southwestern part of Colorado.

Betrayal and Death.

DECATUR, Ga., April 28.—Miss Mary Cash, daughter of Mrs. Nancy Cash, widow of a former well-known citizen, had been astray by her lover. The mother drove her from the house, and after an absence of a few hours she returned and went to bed. The neighbors, hearing of her sickness, suspected that she had given birth to a child, but she denied it. Evidence being so strong, an investigation was made, and a dead child was found in a hollow log near the house, covered with leaves and trash. It was taken out and carried to the house of Mrs. Cash, but Miss Mary still denied being its mother. She remained very sick until Thursday, when she died, and was buried Friday evening. It is supposed Miss Mary gave birth to the child while she was absent, and that she put it in the log and covered it up, and then went back to the house. Miss Mary Cash was about eighteen years of age, and was one of the belles of the county. She is related to some of the best citizens. There will be a still further investigation made, which may result in bringing to light the fact whether the girl's mother was not implicated.

Remembering Vanderbilt's Train.

BUFFALO, April 28.—When the summer schedules of the Vanderbilt railroads are made out there is to be an important change made. The fact leaked out to-day, but it has been kept very quiet lest the Pennsylvania Railroad should like the idea and adopt it. These roads—the New York Central, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, Michigan Central and Nickel Plate—will adopt a system of remembering of trains that will be uniform. Numbers will continue from New York to Chicago by any given route. For example: Fast limited No. 3 on the New York Central is now No. 17 on the Lake Shore road. Passenger trains will be numbered up to fifty, and freights will begin at that number. Odd numbers will be westbound trains and even numbers eastbound. This is regarded as a very important measure and will enable passengers to tell easily the time of connecting trains.

Daniel Darrow's Mysterious Death.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 28.—Daniel Darrow, a farmer who lived near Farmington, was found dead in the house of Mrs. Lyons. Darrow came here to purchase agricultural implements and lodged with Mrs. Lyons, his mother-in-law. The woman's story and that of her son were contradictory, and young Lyons was arrested. A box of arsenic with the trade mark of a New Britain druggist was found in a coat pocket of the deceased. A girl living in the same house with the Lyonses said she heard voices as though of persons quarreling and heard one, sounding like young Lyons, say "I'll fix him," and, in answer to a question, added "that brother-in-law of mine."

GENERAL OPDYKE DEAD.

The Career of a Gallant Soldier Ended.

Sketch of General Opdyke's Services During the War of the Rebellion—His Squirrel Hunting Campaign.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Brevet Major General Emerson Opdyke died at his residence at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fifth street, this city, of traumatic peritonitis. On Tuesday evening while General Opdyke was cleaning a pistol it was accidentally discharged, the ball penetrating the abdomen. He sank rapidly until the hour of his decease. With the death of General Opdyke there passes away one of the most gallant and distinguished soldiers which Ohio sent into the civil war.

He was born in Trumbull County, that State, January 7, 1830, and was therefore in his thirty-second year when the war broke out. He enlisted as a private in the Forty-first Ohio Infantry July 20, 1861, and was made first lieutenant in the following month. He developed a remarkable capacity for acquiring a knowledge of military tactics, and so well informed did he become during the fall and early winter of 1861 that he was detailed to instruct the officers of Haskell's brigade. His quick comprehension of the science of war attracted the attention of his superiors, and he was promoted to a captaincy.

When the battle of Pittsburg Landing was fought he acted as Major of his regiment, and had for the first time an opportunity to show the bravery which characterized him in every engagement in which he participated. The color bearer of the Forty-first was shot down, and the colors went to the ground. Seizing them, the acting Major dashed to the head of the line, and shouting, "Follow me, Ohio, follow your colors," led the charge. Though wounded in two places on that day, he remained on duty with his regiment. He served with Nelson's command during the Corinth campaign, only leaving it when advised by Governor Tod to organize the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Ohio Infantry.

While he was at home on this duty, Kirby Smith threatened Cincinnati, and at the earnest solicitation of his friends Captain Opdyke took command of 1,200 "squirrel hunters," and proceeded with them to Covington. He left the State at the head of a first-class regiment, well drilled and well disciplined, in the earlier part of January, 1863, and moved south through Nashville and Franklin. Just previous to the opening of Rosecrans' campaign of 1863, Captain Opdyke was assigned to Harker's brigade, Woods' division, twenty-first corps. The 9th of the following September he entered Chattanooga, and sustained a brilliant part in the two days' battle of Chickamauga.

WATTERSON'S DEFEAT.

Why the Apostle of Free Trade Was Left Behind.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The Times Louisville, Ky., special says: The defeat of Henry Watterson in the primaries of his own city is the cause of general astonishment in political circles. Democratic County primaries were held all over the State for State Convention delegates. Mr. Watterson's card last week, declining to be a candidate at large, was considered as written under compulsion to test whether the State approved his course as an agitator of tariff reform. He was understood to desire the party to decide between him and the opposition at home. In the city primaries efforts were made in five precincts to add Mr. Watterson's name to the list of those instructed for delegates at large, and in every case the attempt failed, there being absolutely no votes for him, and not one precinct in the city recommended him. The reason of this, as alleged by the leaders of the opposition, is that the Democrats in Kentucky hold Watterson personally responsible for raising the tariff issue, and think that has killed every chance to elect a Democratic President. The refusal to instruct for him is, therefore, a severe rebuke. The delegates in the city elected are Tilden and McDonald men. They will favor Tilden, if he will accept, and McDonald otherwise. Watterson's name was voted down in his own ward. The reports from the State will not be in before Monday or Tuesday.

Daring and Brutal Outrage.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 28.—About 9 o'clock at night a young girl named Scofield, aged sixteen years, was forcibly carried away from the depot by three young men, who put her into an express wagon and carried her to the woods in North Bridgeport, where they outraged her. She was found wandering about the woods the next morning. She was in a greatly exhausted condition, and her clothing was early torn from her person. The parties who committed the outrage have left town.

Mrs. Tabor's Diamonds.

OSHKOSH, April 28.—The wife of ex-Senator Tabor has replenished the diamonds and jewelry which were deposited in the vault of the National Bank of Oshkosh by her brother, James McCourt, in his own name shortly previous to his death, and which were attached by his creditors. Mrs. Tabor gave the diamonds to her brother to deposit for safe keeping, and he, thinking to get them himself, deposited them in his own name. They are valued at \$15,000 and Mrs. Tabor gave bond in that sum.

Important Will Case Settled.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., April 28.—The jury in the Dickinson will contest have returned a verdict sustaining the will. Dickinson was an eccentric man who left a fortune to establish an infirmary for the benefit of Northampton and Hartford. The contest was made on grounds of insanity. The case has attracted widespread attention.

THE COMING EXPOSITION.

Elaborate Preparations For the Great New Orleans Show.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Director General Burke, General A. S. Badger and Colonel G. A. Broun, representing the management of the World's Exposition, called officially on the President and submitted drawings of buildings and plans of grounds. They also held a long official conference with the Cabinet. The management were recently compelled to increase the size of the main building, and it will now cover 346,000 square feet, more space than the Crystal Palace at London in 1852. Applications have been made now for more space that was occupied by all the exhibits in Philadelphia in 1876. The President expressed great interest in the Exposition, and assured the representatives that he would attend. As Congress assembles the same day the Exposition opens, the management may have to defer opening four or five days in order that the President may open the ceremonies. Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler are charged with the matter of arranging for the organization of a board to take charge of the United States Government exhibit. Interest in the exhibition is on the increase, and applications are received every day from States and Territories for space in the main building for collective exhibits and in the grounds for ornament headquarters. Delegates from the Indian Territory have applied at the Washington office of the Exposition for 5,000 feet for exhibit of resources of the Territory and to show the advancement of the five civilized tribes. Director General Burke accorded space and assured the delegates of assistance to the amount of \$5,000 from the management of the Exposition. The tribes will add \$10,000 to the amount and make a fine exhibit of resources and products of every kind. The bill for the loan of \$1,000,000 to the Exposition is practically without opposition, and will undoubtedly be passed as soon as brought up in the House.

THE NEW OLD TESTAMENT.

Work of Revision—To be Published Next Fall.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The American Old Testament Revision Company, after twelve years of labor, completed its work at room 42, Bible House. The last work was the final revision of the books of Ezekiel and Daniel. All that remains is to arrange the variations from the British revisers, to be printed in the appendix.

After the Old Testament revisers had completed their work, a meeting of the two companies, the one on the Old and the other on the New Testament, was held. Drs. Schaaf, Day, Crosby, Coward, Thayer, Durst, Kendrick, Lee, Chase, Short, Riddle, Chambers, and Osgood were present. A delegation consisting of members of the committee, who expect to be in Europe the coming summer, was appointed to attend the final meeting of the British committee in London the first week in July. They are Drs. Schaaf, Green, Day, Chambers, Aiken, and Mead.

It is now expected that the revision of the Old Testament, which requires much time to be carefully carried through the press, will be given to the public next fall or the first of next year.

Couldn't Keep His Hands Off of Money.

CHICAGO, April 28.—"I can't keep my hands off of money," said Dennis Reagan, a Detective Mooney, in whose custody he was, on his way to a cell in the Harrison Street Police Station, charged with embezzlement and larceny. He was the trusted cashier and book-keeper of the Interior, the organ of the Presbyterian Church in the Northwest, and had been detected in appropriating subscription money and postage stamps to the amount of \$1,500, which came to him in the course of business. His offense is aggravated because he was forgiven for a smaller shortage last December. When Dr. Gray, the editor of the paper, discovered that Reagan was short in his accounts over \$900, at the earnest solicitation of his father and the promise of young Reagan to mend his ways, he editor and proprietors, one of whom is H. H. McCormick, the wealthy reaper manufacturer, condoned the offense and took Reagan back as cashier. His father gave a bond of \$2,000 as a guarantee of good conduct. Reagan also acted as collector for the Citizen, Hon. John Finerty's paper, but it is not known whether his accounts with that concern are square.

A DISTRESSING AFFAIR.

Sudden Insanity of a Minister When Deposed by His Conference.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 28.—A special to the Sunday Press from Warsaw, Wyoming County, says: "Rev. C. H. Harrison, of Belmont, Allegheny County, delivered a sermon against the doctrine of immediate sanctification. The Methodist Episcopal Conference of that district expelled him from his charge and deposed him from the ministry. He at once became a raving maniac. He was taken to the Buffalo Insane Asylum in a terribly excited condition. Although shackled and handcuffed, it required six men to keep him under proper restraint on the cars. He was a powerful man, of unusual mental soundness before the decision of the Conference. It is announced that many of his friends have banded together and commenced legal proceedings against the Conference. They are backed with a guaranteed subscription of \$10,000."

Burglars Bagged.

FORT WORTH, Tex., April 28.—Marshal Rea and a detective this afternoon arrested W. H. Smith, alias Sam Bass, Wm. Patrick and Chas. Steward, as the cracksmen who blew open a safe at Cleburne yesterday morning and stole valuable papers and money belonging to Gladly & Co. Steward has given the whole thing away, and will be used by the State as a witness.

Convicted of Burglary.

STURGEON, Mo., April 28.—S. L. McDonald, who was caught in the act of burglarizing Rucker & Turner's store, in this place, about two months ago, pleaded guilty to the crime in the Boone Circuit Court, and was sentenced to the Penitentiary for a term of two years.